## Pearson Edexcel GCSE (9-1)

## May-June 2022 Assessment Window

## Syllabus reference <br> 1MA1

Mathematics
Advance Information

You are not permitted to take this notice into the examination. This document is valid if downloaded from the Pearson Qualifications website.

## Instructions

- Please ensure that you have read this notice before the examination.


## Information

- This notice covers all examined components.
- The format/structure of the assessments remains unchanged.
- The Advance Information details the focus of the content of the exams in the May-June 2022 assessments.
- There are no restrictions on who can use this notice.
- This notice is meant to help students to focus their revision time.
- Students and teachers can discuss the advance information.
- This document has 25 pages.



## Paper 1F - grouped by content area

Number (*see Ratio - some overlap of topic areas)

| Arithmetic | Money |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Negative number |
| Fractions | Order fractions, decimals, percentages |
|  | Fraction of an amount |
|  | Fraction arithmetic |
| Properties | Place value |
|  | Product of prime factors |
| Standard Form | Conversion |
|  | Calculation |
| Approximation and Estimation | Estimation |
| Algebra |  |
| Manipulation | Simplification |
|  | Substitute values |
| Equations and inequalities | Linear inequality |
|  | Quadratic equation |
| Graphs | Quadratic graph |
| Sequences | Linear sequence |
| Ratio, proportion, and rates of change (*see Number - some overlap of topic areas) |  |
| Conversion | Length |
| Percentages | Percentage of an amount |
|  | Percentage increase |
| Ratio | Write as a ratio |
|  | Share in a ratio |
| Proportion | Direct proportion |


| Compound Measures | Speed |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Density |

## Geometry and measures

| Shape | Reflection |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Plan and elevation |
| Angles | Angles in a polygon |
| Length, area and volume | Volume of a cube |
|  | Volume of a cylinder |
| Pythagoras's Theorem and Trigonometry | Exact trigonometric values |

## Probability

| Probability | Probability |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Frequency tree |  |
| Statistics |  |  |
| Diagrams | Pictogram |  |
|  | Bar chart |  |
|  | Stem and leaf diagram |  |

Paper 2F - grouped by content area

| Number (*see Ratio - some overlap of topic areas) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Arithmetic | Money |
|  | Negative number |
| Fractions | Fraction arithmetic |
|  | Order fractions |
| Properties | Order integers |
|  | Multiples |
| Approximation and Estimation | Rounding |
|  | Error interval |
| Other | Straight line graph |
| Algebra |  |
| Manipulation | Simplification |
|  | Expansion of bracket |
|  | Factorisation |
|  | Laws of indices |
| Equations and inequalities | Linear simultaneous equations |
| Graphs | Coordinates |
|  | Straight line graph |
| Functions | Number machines |
| Ratio, proportion and rates of change (*see Number - some overlap of topic areas) |  |
| Conversions | Mass, time, area |
|  | Scale drawing |
| Percentages | Decimal to percentage |
|  | Percentage profit |
|  | Depreciation |


| Ratio | Write as a ratio |
| :--- | :--- |
| Proportion | Use of ratio |
| Geometry and measures | Direct proportion |
| Shape | Currency conversion |
|  | Polygons |
| Angles | Parcles |
| Prallel and perpendicular lines |  |
| Probability | Transformations |
| Probability | Angles in a triangle |
| Statistics | Vertically opposite angles |
| Diagrams | Area of a rectangle |
| Measures | Mree diagram |
|  | Mend volume |
|  | Mrembined events |
|  | Two-way table |
|  | Mode |
|  |  |

## Paper 3F - grouped by content area

Number (*see Ratio - some overlap of topic areas)

| Arithmetic | Four operations |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Negative number |
| Fractions | Fraction of an amount |
|  | One amount as a fraction of another |
|  | Equivalent fractions |
| Properties | Factors |
|  | Lowest Common Multiple |
| Powers and roots | Square root |
| Approximation and estimation | Rounding |
| Other | Calculator use |
| Algebra |  |
| Manipulation | Simplification |
|  | Expansion of bracket |
|  | Factorisation |
|  | Substitute values |
|  | Change subject of a formula |
|  | Forming an expression |
| Equations and inequalities | Linear equation |
|  | Form an equation |
| Sequences | Linear sequence |
| Ratio, proportion and rates of change (*see Number - some overlap of topic areas) |  |
| Conversions | Time |
|  | Compound units |
|  | Scale drawing |


| Percentages | Percentage to fraction |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | One quantity as a percentage of another |
|  | Percentage decrease |
|  | Reverse percentage |
| Ratio | Write as a ratio |
|  | $1: n$ form |
| Proportion | Direct proportion |
| Compound measures | Average speed |
| Geometry and measures |  |
| Shape | Triangle properties |
|  | Quadrilaterals |
|  | Triangular prism |
| Angles | Angle properties of parallel lines |
|  | Angles in a triangle |
|  | Vertically opposite angles |
|  | Bearings |
| Length, area and volume | Area of a triangle |
|  | Area of a trapezium |
| Pythagoras's Theorem and Trigonometry | Pythagoras's Theorem |
| Probability |  |
| Probability | Probability scale |
|  | Probability |
| Statistics |  |
| Diagrams | Frequency polygon |
| Measures | Median |
|  | Range |
| Population | Comparison of distributions |

## Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

## Perimeter, area and volume

Where $a$ and $b$ are the lengths of the parallel sides and $h$ is their perpendicular separation:
Area of a trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$
Volume of a prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length
Where $r$ is the radius and $d$ is the diameter:
Circumference of a circle $=2 \pi r=\pi d$
Area of a circle $=\pi r^{2}$

## Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry


b

In any right-angled triangle where $a, b$ and $c$ are the length of the sides and $c$ is the hypotenuse:

$$
a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}
$$

In any right-angled triangle $A B C$ where $a, b$ and $c$ are the length of the sides and $c$ is the hypotenuse:

$$
\sin A=\frac{a}{c} \quad \cos A=\frac{b}{c} \quad \tan A=\frac{a}{b}
$$

## Probability

Where $\mathrm{P}(A)$ is the probability of outcome $A$ and $\mathrm{P}(B)$ is the probability of outcome $B$ :

$$
\mathrm{P}(A \text { or } B)=\mathrm{P}(A)+\mathrm{P}(B)-\mathrm{P}(A \text { and } B)
$$

